

2024 Influenza A Virus HPAI H5N1 Outbreak Weekly Report September 3, 2024

Introduction

In March 2024, several cases of highly pathogenic avian influenza A (HPAI) H5N1 virus were confirmed in dairy cattle in Texas, with cases spreading to at least eight other states (https://www.biorxiv.org/content/10.1101/2024.05.01.591751v1). In addition, a human case of influenza from the same clade and genotype was also diagnosed in a dairy worker from Texas around the same time. As part of an effort to track this outbreak, the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Agricultural Research Service (ARS) and the USDA National Veterinary Services Laboratories (NVSL) have been working to collect and sequence samples from additional cattle as well as avian species and other animals that also appeared to be infected with HPAI that might be related to the virus from the Texas dairy cattle. The genomic sequences of each virus isolate (consisting of the eight genomic segments sequenced for each individual isolate) are assembled from the sequenced short read data, and after undergoing quality control, are submitted to the GenBank sequence repository where they become publicly available. To enhance the ability of the USDA to rapidly submit sequences to GenBank, personnel from the Bacterial and Viral Bioinformatics Resource Center (BV-BRC) have been collaborating with USDA scientists to assist them with the submission of assembled HPAI genomic sequences to GenBank. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in a similar manner, track human cases of H5N1 influenza.

The BV-BRC provides a database of complete and partially sequenced microbial genomes from both viral and bacterial pathogens. This data is derived from the GenBank repository and includes metadata obtained from the GenBank record as well as associated NCBI BioProject, BioSample, and SRA repository records. All this metadata provides users with the ability to search for specific datasets from the BV-BRC web site using the filtering and sorting features built into BV-BRC web-retrieval tools. To provide rapid access to sequences and other data and information from the 2024 HPAI outbreak, the BV-BRC provides an outbreak-specific web page with links to this information: (https://www.bv-brc.org/outbreaks/H5N1/#view_tab=overview).

Human Cases

Human cases of H5N1 Influenza A virus infection from North America. (No changes this week.)

Case Report	Location	Likely Infection	Total	Number Confirmed by
Dates	(#cases)	Source	Number	Sequencing
04/01/2024 -	Texas (1)	Dairy cows	4	1 (Texas 2024)
07/03/2024	Michigan (2)			2 (Michigan 2024)
	Colorado (1)			1 (Colorado 2024)
04/28/2022 -	Colorado (10)	Poultry	10	1 (2022); 4 (2024)
07/25/2024				

A current summary of human avian influenza virus infections can be found at https://www.cdc.gov/bird-flu/situation-summary/index.html.

Sequence Statistics (As of September 3, 2024)

The numbers below provide statistics on the publicly available H5N1 genomic sequences collected from North American isolates in 2024. These sequences are available from the BV-BRC database using the links in the table below. We report the number of isolates along with the number of sequenced genomic segments (usually 8 per isolate). These numbers include sequences generated by the USDA and submitted to GenBank by both the USDA and BV-BRC; USDA sequences assembled by the BV-BRC from SRA data not yet submitted to GenBank; and sequences submitted to GenBank from all other sources. No new Human sequences have been reported or submitted to SRA or GenBank.

Influenza A sequence counts from the BV-BRC database

Outbreak Report	All Influenza A	All H5N1	2024 H5N1 Sequences
Date	virus Sequences	Sequences	2024 Hole Coquellocs
May 22, 2024	1,061,787	53,030	2,379 (296 isolates)
May 29, 2024	1,065,763	54,632	2,563 (318 isolates)
June 12, 2024	1,082,498	57,301	5,132 (641 isolates)
June 19, 2024	1,087,487	58,045	5,728 (714 isolates)
June 26, 2024	1,091,952	59,465	7,112 (889 isolates)
July 3, 2024	1,092,769	60,280	7,927 (991 isolates)
July 10, 2024	1,096,341	61,469	8,863 (1,108 isolates)
July 17, 2024	1,098,276	63,324	10,534 (1,317 isolates)
July 26, 2024	1,099,887	63,650	10,812 (1,350 isolates)
July 31, 2024	1,106,264	67,556	14,619 (1,875 isolates)
August 8, 2024	1,106,782	68,079	15,140 (1,941 isolates)
August 16, 2024	1,111,297	66,272	12,883 (1,658 isolates)
August 22, 2024	1,116,181	66,560	13,274 (1,694 isolates)
August 28, 2024	1,114,197	67,438	14,058 (1,792 isolates)
September 3, 2024	<u>1,114,657</u>	<u>67,590</u>	14,210 (1,811 isolates)

¹The BV-BRC genomic database links provided for these totals are dynamic and provide current numbers at the time the link is followed. Therefore, these numbers will increase over time.

Influenza A sequences from SRA and not yet submitted to GenBank

The BV-BRC checks the sequence read archive (SRA) database each week for submitted raw sequence read data that has not yet been assembled and submitted to GenBank. This past week, the USDA submitted 19 isolates (152 genome sequences/isolate) to SRA. These SRA records have been assembled, annotated and loaded in BV-BRC. As of 9/3 there were no new sequences available for download from GenBank. But there are 392 new H5N1 sequences (49 isolates) appearing in NCBI Virus that are not yet indexed by GenBank that should be available for download within the next week.

The following tables summarize North American H5N1 2024 isolates collected in 2024 as of September 3, 2024, and include both GenBank and SRA-derived isolates.

H5N1 US virus isolates collected and sequenced in 2024 by host

Host	# Isolates
Alpaca	5
American Wigeon	1
American Robin	2
Bald Eagle	13
Black Scoter	1
Blackbird	4
Brandt goose	1
Canada goose	50
Cat	51
Cat, domestic	23
Cattle	1178
Chicken	153
Common Eider	1
Common grackle	10
Common Loon	6
Crow	17
Duck	2
Eurasian collared dove	1
Goat	30
Great-Horned Owl	4
Gull	10
Harris hawk	2
Hawk	9
Herring Gull	9
Hooded Merganser	1
Human	8
Lesser Scaup	1

Mallard	2
Mountain lion	4
Mouse	2
Mute Swan	2
Pelican	1
Peregrine Falcon	2
Pigeon	1
Raccoon	8
Raven	3
Redhead duck	1
Red Fox	6
Red-tailed hawk	6
Ruddy Turnstone	1
Sanderling	29
Sandpiper	1
Scoter	3
Skunk	18
Snow Goose	6
Sparrow	3
Turkey	90
Vulture	8
Western gull	2
Western Kingbird	1
White-Winged Scoter	16
Wild bird	1
Wood duck	1
Grand Total	1811

H5N1 US virus isolates collected and sequenced in 2024 by state

State	# Isolates
California	8
Colorado	41
Idaho	156
Illinois	2
Indiana	5
Iowa	36
Kansas	20
Maine	1
Maryland	2
Massachusetts	128
Michigan	78
Minnesota	148
Missouri	7
Montana	4
New Hampshire	3
New Mexico	72
North Carolina	11
Ohio	42
Oklahoma	1
Oregon	3
Rhode Island	5
South Carolina	3
South Dakota	47
Texas	209
Utah	2
Virginia	14
Washington	7
Wyoming	46
USA (no state designated)	710
Grand Total	1811

Phylogenetic Analysis

The latest phylogenetic trees for all eight segments can be accessed using the URL below, which includes all human isolates with available sequence data https://www.bv-brc.org/outbreaks/H5N1/#view_tab=phylogenetics. The new, updated trees should be available in a few days and will contain all new sequences uploaded to the BV-BRC database by September 3, 2024. There are two tabs on the outbreak page that provide phylogenetic trees. The trees on the 'Phylogenetics' tab contain all 2024 H5N1 sequences from North America along with representative pre-2024 isolates. A new tab on the H5N1 Outbreak page, 'Clustered Phylogenetics' starts with the same set of sequences, but first clusters sequences together that are at least 99% identical across all genomic segments and then uses one representative sequence for tree building.

News

Title	Date	Source
H5N1 avian flu confirmed in outbreaks at California dairy farms		0.55.5
CIDRAP	September 3	CIDRAP
Avian Influenza A(H5N1)- Cambodia	September 2	WHO
Raw milk is risky, but airborne transmission of H5N1 from cow's		
milk is inefficient in mammals	August 31	ASBMB
WHO Announces Project to Develop an mRNA H5N1 Vaccine for		
<u>Humans</u>	August 30	JAMA
New Mexico reports more H5N1 in dairy cows as California		
probes possible outbreaks on 3 farms CIDRAP	August 30	CIDRAP
AVIAN INFLUENZA CONFIRMED IN THREE CALIFORNIA		
DAIRY HERDS	August 30	CDFA
How CDC is monitoring influenza data among people to better		
understand the current avian influenza A (H5N1) situation Bird		
<u>Flu</u>	August 30	CDC
Officials detail H5N1 clusters in Colorado poultry cullers		
CIDRAP	August 29	CIDRAP
Cluster of Influenza A(H5) Cases Associated with Poultry		
Exposure at Two Facilities — Colorado, July 2024 MMWR	August 29	CDC
Latest Step in Dairy Cattle H5N1 Vaccine Development USDA	August 28	USDA
CVB Notice 24-13: Field Studies with Nonviable, Non-replicating		
Veterinary Vaccines Targeting Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza		
in Livestock Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	August 28	USDA

Publications

Title	Date	Source
Detection and spread of high pathogenicity avian influenza virus	September 3	Nature
H5N1 in the Antarctic Region Nature Communications		
Experimental infection of Chickens, Pekin ducks, Eurasian	September 2	Emerging
wigeons and Barnacle geese with two recent highly pathogenic		Microbes and
avian influenza H5N1 clade 2.3.4.4b viruses		Infections
Theoretical Investigations of a point mutation affecting H5	Early Release	Computational
Hemagglutinin's receptor binding preference		Biology and
		Chemistry
Opportunities and challenges for the U.S. laboratory response to	Early Release	Journal of Clinical
highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1)		Virology